# Professional Integrity and Corruption Prevention in Testing & Certification

Hong Kong Business Ethics Development Centre, ICAC
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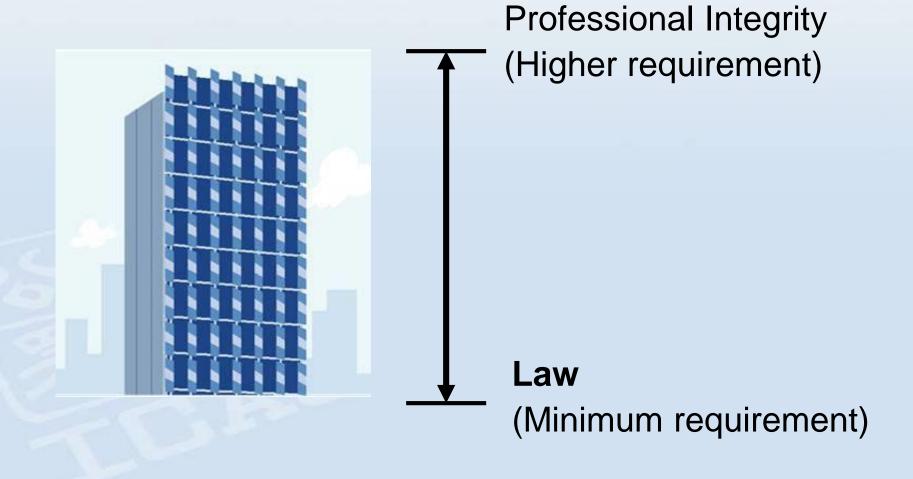


## Outline

- Importance of Professional Integrity
- Legal Requirements & Administrative Controls
- Corruption Prone Areas in the T&C Industry
- Key to Integrity Management
- Services Provided by HKBEDC

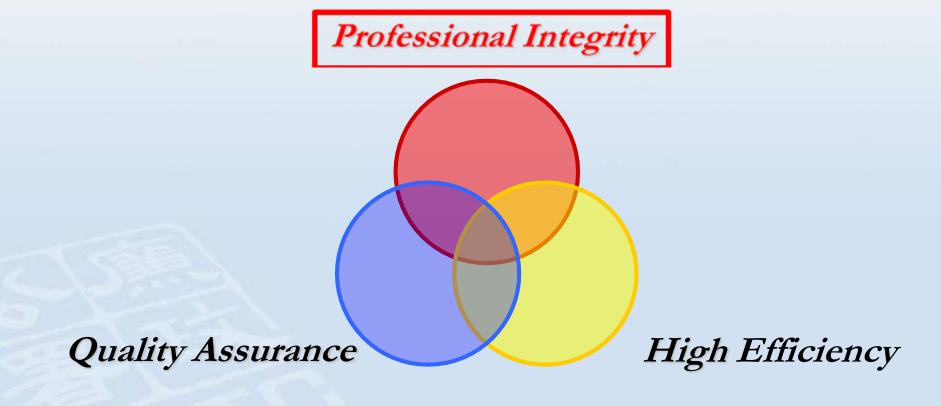


## **Professional Integrity**





## Hong Kong Brand





## Importance of Professional Integrity



Tested in Hong Kong Certified in Hong Kong



## 3 Tests of Professional Integrity









## Legal Test



## Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (POBO)

Cover both public servants and private sector employees

Protect the interests of different stakeholders

Prevent abuse of trust between Agent and Principal

Ensure fair play



## POBO Section 9 – Corrupt Transactions with Agents

Agent (Employee)

Without Approval from principal (Employer)

Solicits / accepts Advantages

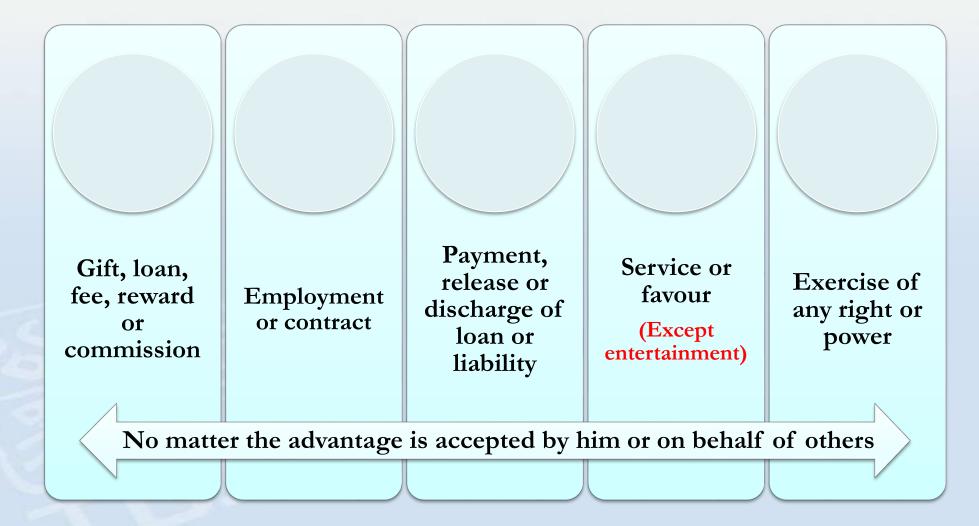
An Act in relation to principal's (employer's) business

Maximum penalty:

7 years' imprisonment and HK\$500,000 fine



## Advantage





## Entertainment

- The provision of food or drink for consumption on the occasion
- · Any other entertainment provided at the same time

### Frequent / lavish entertainment

### May result in:

- \* Conflict of interest
- \* Obligatory position
- \* Sweetening trap



## Principal's Approval

- ▶ Be given by the recipient's principal before the advantage is accepted
   (e.g. employer, board of directors, but not the direct supervisor)
- ➤ If the advantage is accepted without prior approval, the recipient should make application as soon as reasonably possible
- Employees' Code of Conduct Stipulate the policies on, among other things, acceptance of advantages by employees



## **POBO** Section 19

## No defence even if:

The advantage is customary in any profession / trade / vocation / calling



## **POBO Section 11**

## No defence even if:

## The recipient:

- \* did not actually have such power/right/opportunity to do so;
- \* had no intention to do so; or
- \* did not in fact do so



## POPO Section 9(3) – Using False Information to Deceive Principals

Any agent (employee)

Use false / erroneous / defective receipt, account or other document

With an intent to deceive his principal (employer)

Maximum penalty: 7 years' imprisonment and HK\$500,000 fine



## POBO Section 8 – Bribery of Public Servants by Persons Having Dealings with Public Bodies

Any person

Without lawful authority / reasonable excuse

While having dealings with any government department or public body

Offers an advantage to any public servant employed by that department / public body

Maximum penalty: 7 years' imprisonment and HK\$500,000 fine



## Compliance Test



## Administrative Controls over Malpractices





## Essential Elements of a Code of Conduct

- > Acceptance of Advantage
- > Offer of Advantage
- **Entertainment**
- > Records, Accounts and Other Documents
- Outside Employment
- **Conflict of Interest**





### **Ethical Commitment**

Core values – honesty, integrity and fair play must be upheld by all directors and staff at all times

Set out the basic standard of conduct expected of all directors and staff, and the Company's policy on acceptance of advantage (principal's approval) and handling of conflict of interest when dealing with the Company's business



## Acceptance of Advantage



- All directors and staff should not solicit or accept any advantage for themselves or others from those having business dealings with the Company and subordinates, except when offered on a voluntary basis under certain circumstances.
- ➤ Gifts or souvenirs presented to directors and staff in official functions are deemed as offers to the Company
- Decline the offer under certain circumstances
- > Any additional restrictions set by the client



## Offer of Advantage

Prohibit offering advantages for the purpose of influencing any person in any dealing, or any public official, when conducting the company's business





### Entertainment

- Avoid accepting lavish or frequent entertainments from persons with whom the company has business dealing (e.g. suppliers, contractors) or from his subordinates
- To maintain impartiality, staff members, especially those carrying out inspection duties, should not accept free meals / entertainment from the organizations being assessed unless under very exceptional circumstances



## **Conflict of Interest**



When private interests compete or conflict with interests of organization or official duties



## **Conflict of Interest**

### What are Private Interest?

- Financial and other interest of
  - The staff member himself
  - Family or relations
  - Personal friends
  - Organisation / association with personal or social ties
  - Any person to whom the staff member owed favour or obligated



### **Conflict of Interest**

- Avoid any conflict of interest situation or the perception of such conflicts (e.g. misuse their position to pursue their own private interests)
- When actual or potential conflict of interest arises, declare to the approving authority though the reporting channel using a standard form

Examples of conflict of interest for reference



## Other topics ...

- Records, Accounts and Other Documents
- Use of Company Assets and Confidentiality of Information
- Outside Employment
- Relationship with Suppliers, Contractors and Customers

## Corruption Prevention Guide for Testing & Certification Industry

#### APPENDIX 1

#### SAMPLE CODE OF CONDUCT

#### Introduction

 The (name of company) (hereafter referred to as the Company) regards honesty, integrity and fair play as our core values that must be upheld by all directors and staff of the Company at all times. This Code sets out the basic standard of conduct expected of all directors and staff, and the Company's policy on acceptance of advantage and handling of conflict of interest when dealing with the Company's business.

#### Prevention of Bribery

#### Prevention of Bribery Ordinance

Under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (the Ordinance), any director
or staff member who, without the permission of his employer or principal (i.e. the
Company), solicits or accepts an advantage as a reward or inducement for doing any act
or showing favour in relation to the latter's business, commits an offence. The person
offering the advantage also commits an offence.

(The relevant provisions of Section 9 of the Ordinance and the definition of "advantage" are detailed at Annex 1.)

#### Acceptance of Advantage

- It is the Company's policy that directors and staff should not solicit or accept
  any advantage for themselves or others, from any person, company or organization
  having business dealings with the Company, except that they may accept (but not solicit)
  the following advantages when offered on a voluntary basis:
  - (a) advertising or promotional gifts or souvenits of a nominal value; or
  - (b) gifts given on festive or special occasions, subject to a maximum limit of \$ in value: or
  - discounts or other special offers given by any person or company to
     them as customers, on terms and conditions equally applicable to other
     customers in general or
  - (d) gifts or souvenirs of nominal value presented to them in official functions.

No director or staff member should accept any advantage from a subordinate, except those mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) above.



<sup>5:</sup>aFcover R4-sime, pan-sime and emporary scalif, except where specified.

## Sunshine Test



## **Sunshine Test**

- Perception of others
  - Can I disclose to, or openly discuss the situation with others (e.g. supervisor, colleagues)?
  - Would others doubt my integrity or accuse me of abuse or impropriety?



## Corruption Prone Areas in the T&C Industry



## Corruption Prone Areas in the Testing and Certification Industry

## Acceptance of advantage

- Fabricate test results / forge test reports
- ➤ Meddle with samples
- Expedite testing and certification process
- ➤ Guarantee a passing accreditation / certification result
- > Subcontract testing and certification, and related services
- **Procurement**

## Offer of advantage

➤ Obtain business



## Corruption Prone Areas in the Testing and Certification Industry

- Other areas of concern:
  - **Entertainment**
  - **Confidentiality**
  - > Conflict of interest
  - > False claim of reimbursement



## Your Roles in Corruption Prevention

- Abide by the laws, professional standards and company's code of conduct
- Should not accept entertainment from organisations under assessment
- Avoid and declare conflict of interest
- Stay vigilant against malpractices and corruption
- Report suspected corruption or other crimes (e.g. deception and money laundering) without hesitation

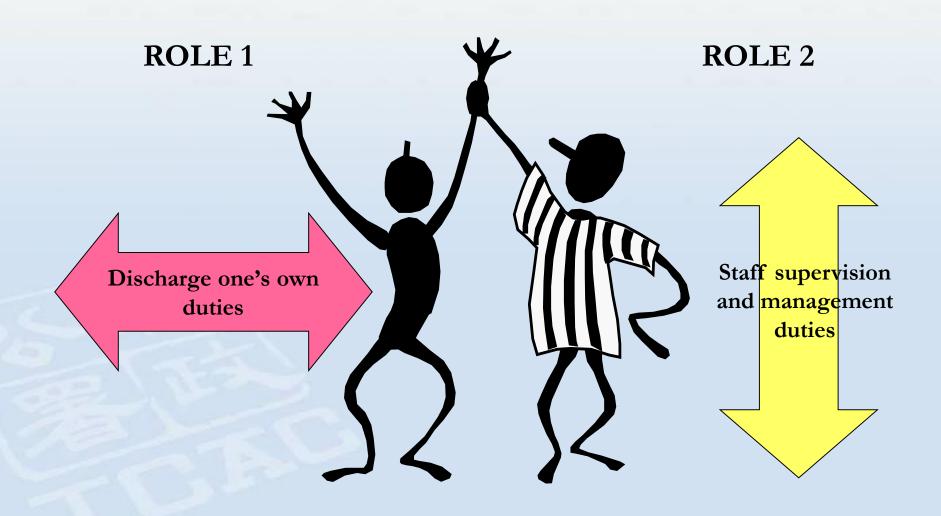




## Key to Integrity Management



## Dual Roles of T&C Professionals





## Key to Integrity Management

- Set a role model for staff members
- Understand the corruption risks faced by staff members
- Implement integrity management



## Role Model

- Strictly abide by the law, rules and regulations
- Assist in implementing and enhancing system control in the company
- Prudent handling of conflict of interest
- Always consider the interests of the company and customers first



## Understand the Corruption Risks

o Management Factors

o Staff Factors



## Risk Analysis – Management Factors

### Internal Control and Organisational Culture

- Lack of system control
- Lack of supervision and monitoring
- Lack of communication



## Risk Analysis – Staff Factors

### Staff's Behaviour and Mindset

- Lack of legal knowledge
- Lack of integrity
- Lack of proper judgement



## Implement Integrity Management

## (1) Strengthening System Control

- Formulate code of conduct
- Set up clear operational procedures and conduct periodic reviews
- Put in place checks and balances (e.g. handling conflict of interest)



## Implement Integrity Management

### (2) Managing Staff Integrity

- Act as a role model of high professionalism
- Appoint the right people
- Play the guardian role
- Arrange integrity trainings for staff
- Adopt a zero tolerance stance against corruption and malpractice





## Report Corruption



In-person

Report Centre or 7 Regional Offices



24-hour Hotline

25 266 366



Mail

GPO Box 1000, HK



## Hong Kong Business Ethics Development Centre (HKBEDC)

Service Hotline: 2826 3288

Email: hkbedc@crd.icac.org.hk





## Services Provided by Hong Kong Business Ethics Development Centre

Directors' Ethics

- Arranging training on business/ professional ethics and corruption prevention
- Formulating/ reviewing codes of conduct
- Offering advice on system control
- Producing practical guides









## Business Ethics Resources – HKBEDC Website





### https://hkbedc.icac.hk



- Common integrity issues of concern
- Ethical risks for specific sector/industry















## Disclaimer

This Powepoint material aims at providing guidance on the common corruption risks and preventive measures in the private sector and does not purport to deal with corruption issues that may arise in any given situations. Description and explanations of the legal requirements under the relevant Ordinances and the recommended practices are necessarily general and abbreviated to make this Powerpoint material easy to understand from the layman's angle. Users of this Powerpoint material should refer to the original legislations or seek ICAC's advice as and when necessary. While we endeavor to ensure the accuracy of the information in this Powerpoint, no statement, representation, warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, is given by us as to the accuracy, completeness or appropriateness of such information for use in any particular circumstances. The ICAC is not responsible for any loss or damage whatsoever arising out of the use of this Powerpoint material or in connection with any information contained in this Powerpoint material. The copyright of this Powerpoint material is owned by the ICAC. The Powerpoint material may be reproduced for non-commercial use provided that the source of the material is identified and the copyright status acknowledged. For any enquiries, please contact Hong Kong Business Ethics Development Centre (www.hkbedc.icac.hk)